G.R.S. IX-5]

Previous references. (1921. Sany

File No. 49-21

Serial Nos. 467

Later references.
Sany 49-21 SS 11-17 & 18
Rev 173-33, 1, 2, 3, 4

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos.

P-13
E

Part B for Commerce

SUBJECT

Rules relating to working of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulations in Sanitary Board Area.

for orders vide 49-21 SS 18.

HS.

G. R. S. III—3]

L 4482-1

ROUTINE NOTES.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record]

GENERAL & REVENUE SECRETARIAT
9 FEB 1924
LOCAL SELF GOVT. BRANCH

6093
7.2

What about the rules
under Road Robberies
Regulation Have they
been framed & issued

7/2

L L Secretary

Urgent
7.2.24

pm 4-5 3.35 P.M
W 7/2/24

(2) Sahib Rules ~~regarding~~ framed under section 20 of the Explosive Prevention of Adulteration Regulation received from the Sanitary Commissioner

Dy 2135
Jud Br
21/1/24

Sahib
7/2/24

N. B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

WD 1880—GPB—1 50 000—2-5-21

Submitted for issuing orders if further
16/9/24

G. R. S. III—3]

ROUTINE NOTES.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

Commissioner have been
sent with the main file
to the Judicial Branch for
necessary information called
for by the Ld Member on delay
in the scrutiny of the provisional
rules received from the same office
relating to KG 7 area

The Sanitary Commissioners had
along with the above rules sent the
opinion of all the municipal
councils except those in the state
city municipal councils
and of those in the Kolar &
Presents of the 2 city municipal councils
and the Dy Comm were requested
to expedite their reply to the Sanitary Comm
The reports received from the Municipal Councils
Bangalore
Presidency city municipal council received
directly and this office is being sent to
the Sanitary Comm for necessary action

Comm replied to the rule relating
to KG 7 since the additional

N. B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

rules received from Govt to
Sanitary Commissioner were
placed—

W.B.S. III—3

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

placed before the Kg's Counsel and the rules as modified & approved by them have been submitted to and I member for orders

V&A, D
9.2.24

Further action will be taken on return of the file from the Protection Branch

CGF
14.2.24.

First member

Please remind the Protection Branch. The files are pending for Legs.

V&A
16/2

Asst Secretary Pol Br
with compliments

CGF
16.2.24

Attached to the file 'Please remember to have seen this'

CGF
16/2

Dy 3924
I member 15/2/24

This does not fall to be dealt with on 11/2 number action

GENERAL & REVENUE BRANCH
16 FEB 1924
IMPERIAL SECRETARIAT REGISTRY

6667/1922

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

Early Lyons
The files are sent as requested herewith
Secy 17/2/24

610

The rules seem to have been issued as yet unnumbered Regns. The question of framing rules has to deal with in the administration & as such they may be sent to the L.I.G. Rly

Submitted

4.8.22

To the Supdt (L.S.G.)
Perfect, with Compts

SDN

Please send it

Can be early

Ind

Z 610-22 1-1922-1922 0592

31 JUL 1922

LOCAL SELF GOVT BRANCH

From The President
Sanitary Board Kolar Gold Fields
Champion Reefs

To

The Secretary
to the Government of Mysore
Revenue Department
Bangalore

Dated 29 7 22

JUDICIAL

1 AUG 1922

JUDICIAL BRANCH

REVENUE & JUDICIAL SECRETARIATE

8 AUG 1922

LOCAL SELF GOVT BRANCH

31 JUL 1922

Sir,

With reference to the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation 1x of 1921 I have the honour to request to be informed whether any Rules have been framed under section 20 of the Regulation and if so a copy of the Rules may kindly be sent for use in this office.

If no Rules have been framed it is requested that they may be framed early as this Board is desirous of adopting this Regulation for the Board area.

I have the honour to be

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

President

Sanitary Board,

K.G.F.

686 P

Sary/49-21-3

6029/11(5)

Intimated. Information has been called for from the Sanitary Comrs re local areas to which the Regulation may be extended together with opinion of the local bodies concerned. Issued with a draft for appl or other addn.

HSH 19/8/22 (2nd number) DCS 19/8/22

y Dmpapers

HSH

3) Please see letter under reply. The S.C. is received urgently as possible

HSH 17/8/22

4) Issue & keep watch

DCS 17/8/22

From

The President,

Sanitary Board, K.G.F.

To

The Secretary to the Government

of His Highness the Maharaja

of Mysore, Revenue Depart

ment, Bangalore.

No. C 596
21-22

Date. 29.7.22

Despatched. 29.7.1922.

Enclosure.

Subject.

Requesting to send a copy of Rules framed under the Mysore prevention of Food Adulteration Act. under sectip 20.

****

G. R. S. III-2]

1461

General and Revenue Secretariat. | Secn File No. 49 of 19 27

Serial No.	
4	The Addl Secy Bd K&Z. no L 1775 Dt 21-8-22 states that the opinion of the local Board have been called for. D The Secy/Comm no L 1776 Dt 21-8-22 Addl Copy of the above
5	From the President, Bd K&Z. no C 594/21-22 Dt 9 9 22 Submits for necessary action the resolution of the K&Z Bd. re introducing Regulation IX of 22 in the Bd Area & Solicits draft for approval & other orders. Dtd 14/9/22 (2nd Member) — Dcg 15/9/22 Secn 1954 16.9.22 Dtl — b/ Mr Deshpande a complete material like this did not have been submitted here for approval. Secretary could have passed it as was Secn Dtd 24/9 24/9/22
6	To Secy Comm 2688/21/10 Dssue Request to frame rules Dcg 24/9/22 Submit for the orders of Govt

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

4839 P 1901 V 4935 V 4609

G. R. S. III-2

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Farm File No. 69 of 1901.

Serial No.	
7	From the Sanitary Commissioner no - C.771-3/2 & 7 dt 7th March 23 Submits copy of his letter to the President Sanitary Board Kolar Gold Fields forwarding for the consideration of the Board a set of draft rules for the extension to Srirangapura Improved Prevention of Adulteration Regulation in the Sanitary Board area. It is submitted in the office letter of 30.10.22 the Sanitary Commissioner had been asked to prepare a set of draft rules in consultation with the K.G.F. Sanitary Board. He has sent now a copy of the draft rules he has sent to the President of the Board for the opinion of the Board. If approved, the receipt of further communication from the Sanitary Commissioner forwarding the draft rules as approved by the Board will be awaited. 14/3/23 20.3.23 I Second Member – The rules may be amended by the general body as well 23/3 23.3.23 Secy 29/3

6249 21/3/23

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. III-2.

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 19

Serial No.

The rules seem to be enough to cover all the points on which rules are required to be made. But the rule provides for the levy of fees in all cases of certificates granted by the analyst There is power in S 13 of the Regulation to levy fees only in cases where the certificates are applied for by a private purchaser of an article

The rules for cleanliness of milk stores & milk shops sent as an appendix may be framed under S 21 of the Regulation when contemplates framing of bye laws by local authorities for the regulation of places in which the articles are kept, stored or sold

Sd
5/4/23
A&C
3024

Letter by L S G returned on 11/1/24

Sd

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

1839 Pgrs
P

1038 of 24
P

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 19

Serial No.

Rule 2. reads as if the medical officer of health shall be entitled to a fee for each certificate he is required to grant. But under the Regulation it is only under Sections 13 & 16 such fees are required to be paid to the medical officer. and in case the local executive officer wants a certificate the Regulation does not provide for paying fees to the medical officer.

In Rule 3. instead of the word Carry out the word "perform" may perhaps be substituted. or better still the word "instructions" may be substituted for the word "duties".

Again in Rule 3. the last sentence requires the permission of the ~~local Executive Officer~~ President to the medical officer for purchasing samples. The necessity for this is not apparent. For it is only the Chairman or his delegate the medical officer who can make such purchases. no one person is given such powers so that unless other persons than the medical officer are given the powers the last sentence is unnecessary.

In rule (10)(b) after the word prescribed perhaps the words "by rule ~~xxxxx~~ 5" may be added

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

Let S.S. note in this case

4030 q
2

G. R. S. III-2]

6104-22

1038
P

WD 2310--GPE—10,000—31-5-24

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No. | of 19

Serial No.

Rules have been framed
Mean pulses cops or Commercial pulses
2/6/)

Rec'd 4/9/24

This rules as finally approved were issued on the 11th September 24 vide Govt of Bom notn dtd 2. 2100/Sam 49-21-1 copies whereof placed below. Sabd for orders

Flag O

DRA 16/9/24 MK Machine = Mempsn Cabinet for on the above pulses 1) exp by the Jud Branch. The papers will be filed with the file on the Leg Branch.

L. L. Levy)

Invited yrs Sam re 49-21-18 and sent copies

WD 17/9.

7/9 8-9 18-9

18/9

18-9

1:11.24

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to 610

Section Sanitary

File No. 49-21.

Serial No. 4

No. L 1775

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, the *191*

Date of issue 21/8/22

Signed by—— [illegible] DS

To

The President

K & F Sanitary Board

Sir

With reference to your letter ~~dated~~ dated 29th July 1922 I am directed to state that the rules under the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation of 1921 have been issued and that the Sanitary Commissioner has been addressed to furnish forthwith a bill of the

over.

Under Sec

D

Sec Clerk a copy passed 18/8

of the local areas to which
the Regulation may be extended
along with the opinion of the local authorities
Concerned.

2. The rules will be framed after the
Regulation has been extended to such local areas

I have the

Dec/1987

Rec'd reg to Govt
memo L 1776 Enclose
Copy to Sanitary Comm
& Confirmation of the
Office no L 6935/San 49-21
& 21-5-1922 with a copy of the
President's letter required to above

List of enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

2y 1461
Jan 49 21 5

Office of the President,
Sanitary Board, Kolar Gold Fields,
Dated Champion Reefs, the 9th September 1922.

No: C 696
21-22

From

S. Hiriannaiya Esquire, M.A., B.L.,
President, Sanitary Board,
Kolar Gold Fields, Champion Reefs

To

T. E. Jayarama Iyer Esquire. B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Revenue Department,
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to correspondence ending with your letter No. L. 177 San 49-21-4 dated the 21st August 1922, I have the honor to state that, at the desire of Dr. O'Donnell, Chief Medical Officer, Kolar Gold Fields the question of introducing such parts of the Food Adulteration Act as may be necessary for the Sanitary Board area came up before the Sanitary Board meeting held on the 24th and 27th June 1922. The Board resolved to refer the subject for consideration and views, to a special Sub - Committee consisting of three doctors, Dr. O'Donnell, Chief Medical - Officer, Dr. Karve, Medical Officer of Health, Dr. Rajagopal, District - Medical Officer and the Vice President, and the Sub Committee submitted their proposals which are as follows:-

" (a) Government may be requested to extend (a) the Regulation ((Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921) to the - whole of Sanitary Board area.

(b) to fix standards of purity for milk, cream. butter and ghee under sections 20 (e) and 5 (d) of the Regulation.

(c) to appoint the Medical Officer of Health, K.G.F, as public analyst for the Sanitary Board area.

(d) to authorise milk vending to be licensed even though a fee

1461-22
REVENUE & JUD
14 SEP 1922
GOVT

From The President,
Sanitary Board, K.G.F.

To

The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore, Revenue Department
Bangalore.

Dated 9- 9- 22.

Despatched 12. 9. m

Received

GEN'L & REV. SECY
14 SEP 1922

General No. C 594 L.C.
No. 21-22

Enclosure No. one.

Subject.

Requesting to take necessary action for the introduction of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Act in the Sanitary Board area, Kolar Gold Fields.

****

fee might not be levied therefor

(e) to frame rules under section 20 ".

The Board at their last meeting on the 18th August 1922, accepted all the proposals of the Sub Committee excepting (d) with regard to the licensing of milk vending.

I request you will be so good as to place the resolution of the Board before the Government and to take necessary action thereon.

A copy of the Board's resolution in the matter is submitted.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

For President,

Sanitary Board, Kolar Gold Fields.

from
Track of Ke

Proceedings of the First Ordinary Meeting of the Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board for the year 1922-1923 held on Friday the 18 th August 1922 at 4 P.M. in the Sanitary Board ~~Off~~ Office at Champion Reefs.

6 (1) Subject No(1 9) of the last Meeting for the introduction of the necessary portions of Food Adulteration Act in the Sanitary Board area.

(ii) Proposals of the Sub Committee.

Resolution:- The following Sub Committee's recommendations may be accepted except (d) relating to licensing milk vending.

(a) Government may be requested to extend (a) the Regulations to the whole of Sanitary Board area.

(b) To fix standards of purity for milk cream butt; ghee under sections (20) (e) and 5 (d) of the Regulation.

c) To appoint the Medical Officer of Health K.G.F. as Public Analyst for the Sanitary Board area.

(d) To authorise milk vending to be licensed even though a fee ~~may~~ might not be levied therefor.

(e) To frame Rules under section (20)

"C O P Y".

Vice-President,

K.G.F. Sanitary Board.

G. R. S. VI—G/32]

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

Diary No. of letter replied to 1461

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 191 .

Date of issue 3/10/21

Signed by Mr DCS

Section Hlth

File No. 45-21

Serial No. 6

No. A. 2688

Cir 1

To The Sanitary Commissioner

I am directed to forward herewith a copy of letter no (5594/21-2) dated 12th Sept. 1921 from the President K.U.T. Tax Board in the matter of the extension of the Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921 to the whole of the Sanitary Board area. I am directed to request you to be so good as to

over.

to

Mr Worthington

t frame in consultation with
in Sanitary Board. Draft
ders for the extension & working
ption Regulation in the area
and submit the same together
with your opinion for our
rders of post

I have et

15/9/22
Receipt of post
Vienna 26 Sept 1922
Mr President
KKF for BD Information

List of enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

No. C.771-31
Enc. 2

33192

OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Bangalore, dated 7th March *192*3

From Dr. H. B. Mylvaganam, F.R.C.S., (Engd.)
Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

REVENUE DEPT. MYSORE
10 MAR 1923

L 4608

REVENUE 10 MAR 1923 LOCAL SELF GT BRANCH

To
T. E. Jeyaram Iyer, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Revenue Department. B a n g a l o r e.

SIR,

In continuation of my letter No. C.771-24 dated the 10th Ultimo. I have the honor to submit herewith copy of my letter (together with copies of enclosures) addressed to the President, Sanitary Board, Kolar Gold Fields, forwarding for consideration a set of draft rules for the extension to and working of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation on the Sanitary Board area.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

H. B. Mylvaganam

Sanitary Commissioner, M.G.

No. C 771-30
Enc. One

OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER
WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Bangalore, dated 7th March *1923*

From Dr. H. B. Mylvaganam, F.R.C.S., (Engd.),
~~A. K. PANI Esq I.P.H. Etc.,~~
Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

S. Hiriyannaiya, Esq., M.A., B.L.,
President, Sanitary Board,
Kolar Gold Fields.

SIR,

With reference to your letter No. C.594/21-22 dated the 9th/12th September 1922 to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, I have the honor to forward herwith for the consideration of the Sanitary Board draft rules for the extension to and working of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921 on the Sanitary Board area.

2. Explanatory notes not forming part of the rules are added, wherever necessary, for facility of consideration.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Sd/- H. B. Mylvaganam,
Sanitary Commissioner, M.G.

" C O P Y "

H. B. Mylvaganam
Sanitary Commissioner, M.G.

DRAFT RULES UNDER SECTIONS 20 AND 21 OF THE MYSORE PREVENTION OF ADULTERATION REGULATION IX OF 1921 FOR THE WORKING OF THE REGULATION ON THE SANITARY BOARD AREA KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

---:o(0)o:---

Extent of application.

The Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921 will be applicable to the whole of the Sanitary Board area.

Medical Officer of Health to be Public Analyst.

2. The Medical Officer of Health shall be the Public Analyst for the area and shall be entitled to a fee for each certificate he is required to grant as per schedule hereto attached.

To whom the Local Executive Officer may delegate powers.

3. The Medical Officer of Health shall, under general instructions from the President, Sanitary Board, exercise all the powers conferred by the Regulation upon the President as the Local Executive Officer, and carry out all the duties required to be done for the proper working of the Regulation. No legal proceedings under this Regulation shall be instituted without the permission in writing of the President.

The Sanitary Inspector of each division will likewise, on behalf of the President, exercise powers for purposes of inspection under section 7 and seizure of adulterated foods under section 9. Whenever it is necessary to purchase samples for analysis, such purchase shall be made under the orders or with the approval of the President or of ~~an~~ the Medical Officer of Health.

Cleanliness of Vessels.

4. All vessels, receptacles or utensils used for manufacturing, preparing or containing any food intended for sale shall be cleansed with clean boiling water before and after use and shall be kept in a constant state of cleanliness. In case of foods likely to be acted upon by the metal of the vessel, receptacle or

or utensil in which the food is manufactured, prepared or contained for purposes of sale, all precautions shall be taken to prevent such metallic contamination. The Medical Officer of Health will be competent to prescribe from time to time. either by general or special instructions. what precautions the manufacturer, dealer or salesman shall adopt in each case. Such instructions will for the purpose of the Regulation, be deemed as if forming part of these rules.

NOTE: It is obviously not possible in a general set of rules of this nature to detail categorically the conditions as to the storing and preservation of various articles of food and the care to be exercised in the case of prepared foods. The purpose of the rule will be attained by empowering the Health Officer to impose terms in each individual case after inspecting the actual existing conditions.

How notice of admixture addition or deficiency shall be given.

5. If the vendor of any article intended for food knows that it is ~~admixtur~~ admixed with any foriegn substance whatever or that any component part has been abstracted therefrom he shall give due notice of such admixture or abstraction by means of labels in English and Kannada affixed very conspicuously on each package or receptacle containing the article.

Sale of Milk.

6. Every dealer, importer, seller or hawker of milk should declare. before the sale thereof, whether it is buffalo or cow milk or skimmed or separated milk.

Legal standards for Milk.

7. Where a sample of Cow's milk (not being milk sold as skimmed or separated or condensed milk) contains less than 3.5 P.C. of milk-fat or less than 8.5. P.C., of solids other than milk-fat, it shall be presumed for the purposes of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation until the contrary is proved that the milk is not genuine by reason of the abstraction therefrom of milk-fat, or of milk-solids other than milk-fat or the addition thereto of water.

Where a sample of buffalo milk (not being milk sold as skimmed or separated or condensed milk) contains less than 5 P.C. of milk-fat or less than 9 P.C. of solids other than milk-fat, it shall be presumed for the purposes of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation until the contrary is proved, that the milk is not genuine by reason of the abstraction therefrom of milk-fat or milk-solids other than milk-fat or the addition thereto of water.

NOTE: i. The above standards conform with those adopted in Bombay. They are also supported by the results of a series of analyses conducted locally by Dr. M. Srinivasa Rao in the Public Health Institute. Dr. Srinivasa Rao, however thinks that the amount of fat being subjected to great variations, the most reliable test for adulteration is the percentage of lactose. The lactose content being remarkably constant - 4.1 per cent may be taken as the average - not only the fact of adulteration but also its extent can be calculated easily without having recourse to the difficult process of determining the total milk-solids in the sample.

NOTE:ii. The limits below which a presumption is raised that milk is not genuine are necessarily fixed at figures somewhat lower than those which are usually afforded by genuine milk in which the proportion of milk-fat and non-fatty solids may frequently exceed the percentages specified above. It is therefore important to keep in view the possibility of the artificial reduction of the quality of natural milk to the official limits by the abstraction of cream or the addition of separated milk. On the other hand, there may occasionally, and especially in certain seasons of the year, be cases in which a sample of genuine milk may fall below the Official limits of milk-fat and non-fatty solids. It may be desirable in such cases that further samples of milk should be taken and tested.

NOTE:iii. It is open to question as to whether a legal Bacteriological standard should likewise not be adopted. The way in which milk is handled and kept in India affords a fruitful source of contamination and may sometimes give rise to acute infectious diseases or to ptomaine ~~poisning~~ poisoning.

NOTE:iv. Detailed rules to enforce cleanliness of milk stores and milk shops do not perhaps come exclusively within the scope of the Regulation. A draft set of rules is however appended for consideration.

Legal standards for cream.

8. Where a sample of cream contains less than 20 per cent of milk-fat, it shall be presumed for the purposes of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation until the contrary is proved that the cream is not genuine.

Legal standards for butter and ghee.

9. The legal standards for butter and ghee shall be as follows:-

(a) Butter: Moisture 16 per cent.

Reichert-Meissel* figure:-

Cows butter.	13
Buffalo's butter.	15

(b) Ghee: Reichert-Meissel figures same as above.

Butyro-refractometer at 40° c. - 41° - 42°.

* Note. In Bombay and Calcutta, the Reichert-Wollney value 28-30 - is adopted.

Penalty for breach of rules.

10. Every manufacturer, dealer or vendor who (a) disobeys, fails to comply with or acts in contravention of the provisions made under rule 4 herein in respect of cleanliness of vessels, receptacles or utensils used for manufacturing, preparing or containing any food intended for sale or (b) neglects to affix labels to notify in the manner prescribed the fact of the admixture of foreign ingredients in the case of adulterated articles of food shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with a fine ~~of fifty~~ which may extend to fifty rupees and with further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day on which the said disobedience or failure continues after the date of first conviction.

H.B. Mayhew

F.R.C.S.,(ENGD.),
SANITARY COMMISSIONER, M.G.

Office of the Sanitary Commissioner in Mysore, Bangalore dated the March 1923

A.R.M./3.

A P P E N D I X.

CLEANLINESS OF MILK-STORES AND MILK-SHOPS.

---:oOo:---

Every cowkeeper who is the occupier of a milk-store or milk-shop shall cause every part of the interior of such milk-store or milk-shop to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time as often as may be necessary to maintain such milk-store or milk-shop in a thorough state of cleanliness.

2. He shall cause the floor and drain of every such room or place and every shelf or bench on which milk vessels are kept to be washed and thoroughly cleansed daily.

3. He shall cause the floor of every such milk-shop to be paved ~~thereugh~~ throughout with suitable impervious material approved by the Medical Officer of Health and the paving shall be so sloped as to ensure effectual drainage having a gradient of not less than 1 in 30.

4. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every such milk-shop to be thoroughly lime-washed twice at least in every year or oftener if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

5. No dealer, importer, seller or hawker of milk shall cause or suffer any cow or buffalo belonging to him or under his care or control to be milked for the purpose of obtaining milk for sale:-

i. Unless, at the time of milking, the udder and teats of such cow or buffalo are thoroughly clean:

ii. unless the hands of the person milking such, are thoroughly clean and free from all infection and contamination; and

iii. unless the milk receiving vessel is thoroughly clean and rinsed with clean boiling water.

6. Every cowkeeper shall from time to time as often as may be necessary cause every milk-vessel that may be used by him for containing milk for sale to be thoroughly cleansed with steam or clean boiling water, and shall otherwise take all proper precautions for the maintenance of such milk-vessel in a constant

constant state of cleanliness.

7. He shall, on every occasion when any such vessel shall have been used to contain milk, or shall have been returned to him after having been out of his possession, cause such vessel to be forthwith so cleansed.

8. Every purveyor of milk or person selling milk by retail shall take all reasonable and proper precautions, in and in connection with the storage and distribution of the milk, and otherwise, to prevent the exposure of the milk to any infection or contamination.

9. He shall not deposit or keep any milk intended for sale:-

(a) In any room or place where it would be liable to become infected or contaminated by impure air, or by any offensive, noxious or deleterious gas or substance, or by any noxious or injurious emanation, exhalation or effluvium;or

(b) In any room used as a kitchen or as a living room; or

(c) In any room or building or part of a building, communicating directly by door, window or otherwise with any room used as sleepingroom, or in which there may be any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, or which may have been used by any person suffering from any such disease and may not have been properly disinfected; or

(d) In any room or building, or part of a building, in which there may be any direct inlet to any drain.

10. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cowkeeper or dairyman or purveyor of milk, or being the occupier of a milk-store or milk-shop.-

(a) To allow any person suffering from a dangerous infectious disorder, or having recently been in contact with a person so suffering, to milk the cows or to handle vessels used for containing milk for sale, or in any way to take part or assist in the conduct of the trade or business of the cowkeeper or milk-shop, or dairyman, purveyor of milk, or occupier of a milk-store, so far as regards the production, distribution or storage of milk; or

(b) If himself so suffering or having recently been in contact as aforesaid, to milk cows or handle vessels used for containing milk for sale, or in any way to take part in the conduct of his trade or business, as far as regards the production. distribution, or storage of milk-

until in each case all danger therefrom of the communication of infection to the milk or of its contamination has ceased.

11. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cowkeeper or dairyman or purveyor of milk, or being the occupier of a milk-store or milk-shop, to use the milk-store or milk-shop in his occupation, or permit the same to be used as a sleeping apartment, or for any purpose incompatible with the proper preservation of the cleanliness of the milk-store or milk-shop and of the milk vessels and milk therein or in any manner likely to cause contamination of the milk therein.

12. No vendor of milk shall convey any milk for sale or distribution in open vessels, but the latter shall be provided with proper close fitting covers under lock and key and a tap at the lower end through which milk shall be retailed to the customers. If the milk is distributed in cans they shall also be provided with properly fixed covers.

13. He shall not at any time mix with other milk or sell or use for human food the milk of any cow or buffalo which may be suffering from Tuberculosis, Rinderpest, Foot and Mouth disease or disease of the udder which may be certified by a Veterinary Surgeon to be tubercular.

14. He shall not retail the milk to his customers by dipping his hands into the vessels.

15. He shall at all times protect the milk, which is intended for sale from dust and flies by providing suitable covers to the milk vessels.

K.B. [illegible]

F.R.C.S.,(ENGD.),
SANITARY COMMISSIONER, M.G.

Office of the Sanitary
Commissioner in Mysore,
Bangalore dated the Mar.'23.
A.R.M./3.

No L 2100/San 49-21-18 & 11 9-22

NOTIFICATION.

~~*No. L. 9936—San. 49-21-17, dated 30th June 1924.*~~

Under Section 20 of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921, the following ~~draft~~ rules relating to the working of the Regulation in the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board area and for regulating Dairies and Dairymen and for securing the cleanliness of milk and milk products in that area, ~~are published for general information. These rules will be taken up for consideration after one month from the date of the publication of this Notification in the Gazette :—~~

Form of Notification in Kolar Gold Fields are placed

Rules

~~Draft rules for the working of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921 in the Sanitary Board area, Kolar Gold Fields.~~

1. *Medical Officer of Health to be Public Analyst.*—The Medical Officer of Health shall be the Public Analyst for the area and shall be entitled to a fee for each certificate he is required to grant as per schedule hereunde.

"Schedule of fees as per Rule 2 of the Rules under the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921.—

1.	Milk and cream. chemical examination for adulteration with water or of chemicals only.	Rs. 20 0 0
2.	Butter and ghee. chemical examination for adulteration with water or of chemicals only.	30 0 0

2. *To whom the executive officers may delegate powers.*—The Medical Officer of Health shall, under general instructions from the President, Sanitary Board, exercise all the powers conferred by the Regulation upon the President as the local executive officer, and carry out all the duties required to be done for the proper working of the Regulation. No legal proceedings under this Regulation shall be instituted without the permission in writing of the President.

The Sanitary Inspector of each Division and the Sanitary Overseer of each Mining area will likewise, on behalf of the President, exercise powers for purposes of inspection under Section 7 and seizure of adulterated foods under Section 9. Whenever it is necessary to purchase samples for analysis, such purchase shall be made under the orders or with the approval of the President or of the Medical Officer of Health, or the Chief Medical Officer in the Mining area.

3. *Cleanliness of vessels.*—All vessels, receptacles or utensils used for manufacturing, preparing or containing any food intended for sale shall be cleansed with clean boiling water before and after use and shall be kept in a constant state of cleanliness. In case of foods likely to be acted upon by the metal of the vessel, receptacle or utensil in which the food is manufactured, prepared or contained for purposes of sale, all precautions shall be taken to prevent such metallic contamination. The Medical Officer of Health will be competent to prescribe from time to time, either by general or special instructions, what precautions the manufacturer, dealer or salesman shall adopt in each case. Such instructions will for the purpose of the Regulation, be deemed as if forming part of these rules.

4. *How notice of admixture, addition or deficiency shall be given.*—If the vendor of any article intended for food knows that it is admixed with any foreign substance whatever or that any component part has been abstracted therefrom he shall give due notice of such admixture or abstraction by means of labels in English and Kannada affixed very conspicuously on each package or receptacle containing the article.

5. *Sale of Milk.*—Every dealer, importer, seller or hawker of milk should declare before the sale thereof whether it is buffalo or cow milk or skimmed or separated milk.

6. *Legal Standards for Milk.*—Where a sample of cow's milk (not being milk sold as skimmed or separated or condensed milk) contains less than 3 per cent of milk fat or less than 8·5 per cent of solids other than milk fat, it shall be presumed for the purposes of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation, until the contrary is proved, that the milk is not genuine by reason of the abstraction therefrom of milk fat, or of milk solids other than milk fat or the addition thereto of water.

Where a sample of buffalo milk (not being milk sold as skimmed or separated or condensed milk) contains less than 4·5 per cent of milk fat or less than 9 per cent of solids other than milk fat, it shall be presumed for the purposes of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation, until the contrary is proved, that the milk is not genuine by reason of the abstraction therefrom of milk fat or milk solids other than milk fat or the addition thereto of water.

7. *Legal Standards for Cream.*—Where a sample of cream contains less than 20 per cent of milk fat, it shall be presumed for the purposes of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation, until the contrary is proved, that the cream is not genuine.

8. *Legal Standards for Butter and Ghee.*—The legal standards for butter and ghee shall be as follows :—

(*a*) Butter, moisture not exceeding 16 P. C. Reichert Meissel figure :—

Cow's butter 13

Buffalo's butter 15

or Reichert Woleney value 28 to 30.

(*b*) Ghee.—Reichert Meissel figures or Woleney value same as above.

Butyro-refactometer at 40° C.—41°—42°.

9. *Penalty for Breach of Rules.*—Every manufacturer, dealer or vendor who (*a*) disobeys. fails to comply with or acts in contravention of the provisions made under Rule 4 herein in respect of cleanliness of vessels, receptacles or utensils used for manufacturing or preparing or containing any food intended for sale, or

(*b*) neglects to affix labels to notify in the manner prescribed the fact of the admixture of foreign ingredients in the case of adulterated articles of food, or

(*c*) does not declare the nature of milk as required by Rule 6 above shall, on conviction before a Magistrate be punished with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50 for the first offence, Rs. 100 for the second offence and Rs. 500 for every subsequent offence by way of penalty for the breach of the above said rules.

Rules for regulating dairies, dairymen and for securing the cleanliness of milk and milk products in the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board area.

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1. The term 'Dairy' for the purposes of these rules means any premises where milch cattle are kept for the purpose of trade in milk or butter or milk products or where milk or butter or milk products are sold.

The term 'Dairy Man' for the purpose of these rules includes every person who carries on trade in milk or butter or milk products or who keeps milch cattle for the purpose of selling milk.

2. Every keeper of a Dairy and every dairy man shall apply for and take out a license every year from the President. Sanitary Board. Kolar Gold Fields after payment of the prescribed fee. Such license shall be in force only during the official year for which it is granted and shall thereafter be renewed annual

Applications for the renewal of licenses must be made to the President before the end of the first month of each official year, *i.e.*, before the end of July in each year.

The prescribed fee is as follows :—

(*i*) For a dairy in which butter, cheese, cream or other milk products other than curds and butter-milk are made for sale and for selling such products.—Rupees five.

(*ii*) For a dairy in which only milk, butter-milk and curds are made and for selling milk, butter-milk and curds only. License fee.—Nil.

3. Every dairy-man or other person who is the occupier of a milk-store or milk shop, shall cause every part of the interior of such milk store or milk shop to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time as often as may be necessary, to maintain such milk store or milk shop in a thorough state of cleanliness.

4 He shall cause the floor and drain of every such room or place and every shelf or bench on which milk vessels are kept to be washed and thoroughly cleansed daily.

5. He shall cause the floor of every such dairy to be paved throughout with suitable impervious material approved by the Medical Officer of Health and the paving shall be so sloped as to ensure effectual drainage having a gradient of not less than 1 in 30.

6. He shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls and ceiling of every such dairy to be thoroughly limewashed twice at least in every year or oftener if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

7 No dairy-man shall cause or suffer any milch cattle belonging to him or under his care or control to be milked for the purpose of obtaining milk for sale :-

(*i*) unless at the time of milking, the udder and teats of such milch cattle are thoroughly clean.

(*ii*) unless the hands of the person milking such are thoroughly clean and free from all infection and contamination, and

(*iii*) unless the milk receiving vessel is thoroughly clean and rinsed with clean boiling water

8. Every dairy-man shall from time to time, as often as may be necessary, cause every milk vessel that may be used by him for containing milk for sale to be thoroughly cleansed with steam or clean boiling water and shall otherwise take all proper precautions for the maintenance of such milk vessel in a constant state of cleanliness.

9. He shall on every occasion when any such vessel shall have been used to contain milk or shall have been returned to him after having been out of his possession, cause such vessel to be forthwith so cleansed.

10. Every dairy-man shall take all reasonable and proper precautions, in and in connection with the storage and distribution of the milk and otherwise, to prevent the exposure of the milk to any infection or contamination.

11. He shall not deposit or keep any milk intended for sale

(*a*) In any room or place where it would be liable to become infected or contaminated by impure air or by any offensive, noxious or deleterious gas or substance or by any noxious or injurious emanation, exhalation or effluvium; or,

(*b*) in any room used as a kitchen or as a living room: or

(*c*) in any room or building or part of a building communicating directly by door, window or otherwise with any room used as sleeping room or in which there may be any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, or which may have been used by any person suffering from any such disease and may not have been properly disinfected; or

(*d*) in any room or building or part of a building in which there may be any direct inlet to any drain.

12. In regard to the place where cattle are kept, the provision contained in Section VI Rule 1 of the Rules for the special sanitation of the Sanitary Board area published in Government Notification No. 7075—L. B. 185-12-3, dated the 22nd March 1916, shall apply.

13. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of dairy-man:—

(*a*) to allow any person suffering from a dangerous infectious disease, or having recently been in contact with a person so suffering, to milk the cows or to handle vessels used for containing milk for sale, or in any way to take part or assist in the conduct of the trade or business of the dairy-man, or so far as regards the production, distribution or storage of milk; or,

(*b*) if himself so suffering or having recently been in contact as aforesaid, to milk cows or handle vessels used for containing milk for sale or in any way to take part in the conduct of his trade or business as far as regards the production, distribution, or storage of milk until in each case all danger therefrom of the communication of infection to the milk or of its contamination has ceased.

14. It shall not be lawful for any dairy-man to use his dairy or permit the same to be used as a sleeping apartment, or for any purpose incompatible with the proper preservation of the cleanliness of the dairy and of the milk vessels and of the milk therein or in any manner likely to cause contamination of the milk therein.

15. No vendor of milk shall convey any milk for sale or distribution in open vessels and the latter shall be provided with proper close fitting covers.

16. He shall not at any time mix with other milk or sell or use for human food the milk of any cow or buffalo which may be suffering from tuberculosis, rinderpest, foot and mouth disease or disease of the udder, which may be certified by a Veterinary Officer or the Medical Officer of Health to be tubercular.

17. He shall not retail the milk to his customers by dipping his hands into the vessels.

18. He shall at all times protect the milk, which is intended for sale, from dust and flies by providing suitable covers to the milk vessels.

19. *Penalty for breach of these Rules.*—Whoever commits a breach of any of the above ~~bye-laws~~ rules, shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and shall be liable to have his license cancelled by the President of the Sanitary Board

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

To the Compiler Mysore Gazette for publication and Part IV of the Mysore Gazette & for sending 100 Copies to the Press for use

Memo No L 2101-2 & 11.7.16

Copy of the above is forwarded with compliments to the Secretary to the President Kolar Taluk Board

This Office Memo No L 9959-100 & 30 6.16

& Copy

Sd/ 16/9/16

for B Nagappa
Secretary to Govt L&L